

Calcific tendonitis – Iontophoresis and Sonophoresis

It all started with a literature search, looking for ways to better deal with calcifications within muscles and tendons. I came across an article, the before and after x-rays were stark. Eureka! After a lot more research, I came to the conclusion that iontophoresis was a credible approach – but I needed to gain pragmatic insight. An email to an eminent researcher in the field later, tickets booked, bag packed and off I went to Spain!

Dr Marcos E Fernandez-Cuadros MD MSc PhD, a consultant in rehabilitative medicine; is a gentleman and scholar with a deep passion and insight into a discipline of medicine we do not as such have in England. The closest we come is sports medicine – but that does little justice to the ‘tools’ the rehabilitative specialists in Spain possess and the remit of their practice. It really has to be seen to be believed.

I was warmly welcomed in two hospitals in Spain over two days. In this time I was permitted to shadow treatments, ask questions and formally taught the technique. I was shown research findings for patients with calcific tendons and most generously Dr Marcos took time out of his busy clinic schedule to give me a presentation on calcifications. The presentation I have uploaded to my website www.townosteo.com/research.

Picture 1. Pre-treatment. Note the supraspinatus Calcification.



Picture 2. Dr Cuadros's team administered 10 sessions of Iontophoresis and sonophoresis. Complete resorption on plain film x-ray.



The below is a summary of the work by Dr Marcos E.Fernandez-Cuadros taken with his permission from his book ‘Calcifying tendonitis: effect of Physical Therapy and Iontophoresis’.

What is calcific tendonitis?

Calcifying tendonitis (CT) is the intratendinous deposit of calcium apatite within previously healthy tendons and tendon sheaths[1]. Tendons that are particularly vulnerable are shoulder, ankle, knee, elbow, hip, and wrist[2]. Within the shoulder it occurs between 2.7 and 20% in asymptomatic

patients, with an average age between 30 and 50 years, affecting women more than men[3,4] and in 40-54% of patients it is the cause of painful shoulder symptoms[5,6,7].

The pathogenesis is unknown. One theory is that it is precipitated by tendon fibrosis and necrosis, the degeneration of which favouring crystal deposition [8,9]. Other authors believe it is a cell-mediated process. [4,9,10]

Three stages with clinical, histological and radiographic correlation are described.

- 1) Pre-calcification. Tenocyte metaplasia and chondrocyte transformation.
- 2) Calcification a) formative (reservoir of vesicles in matrix), b) Resorptive phase (spontaneous resorption during phagocytosis by macrophages)
- 3) Post-calcification (with restitution of the tendon architecture). [11]

The clinical picture is highly variable. Patients can present with chronic pain, acute pain crises (mainly associated with the resorptive phase) and asymptomatic patients. [12] CT is more common in asymptomatic patients. [13]

Conclusion

Treatment of CT is initially conservative and depends on its evolution.[14] Options include therapeutic abstention in asymptomatic patients; NSAIDs, physiotherapy [15], electrotherapies (micro waves, short waves. TENS, ultrasound, interferential, pulsed electromagnetic therapy, sonophoresis, iontophoresis), shock-wave therapy [16] and finally surgical approaches [17,18]. Shockwave and arthroscopy are advanced therapeutic options [19] that are as effective as iontophoresis, however, they are painful, expensive and not exempt from risks of complications. [20] Shock wave is further limited, current guidelines prohibit peri-spinal use, although research is innovatively showing otherwise. [21]

Iontophoresis with 5% Acetic Acid and ultrasound (sonophoresis) is a safe, simple and inexpensive technique capable of reducing pain and calcification within the shoulder, elbow, wrist, hip, knee and ankle. [1]

For further details on what Iontophoresis & Sonophoresis is, the evidence base and methodology, please do consider ordering the book

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